zCOBOL System Programmer's Guide

v1.5.06



Automated Software Tools Corporation.



zc390 Translator COBOL Language Verb
Macros COMPUTE Statement Example
zCOBOL Target Source Language
Generation Macros ZC390LIB Runtime
Library Base Free Code Generation zCOBOL EXEC CICS

Support zCOBOL Data Types Command Line options for zCOBOL Compiler zCOBOL File Types <u>Trademarks Credits</u>

zc390 Translator

The zc390 translator is a java regular expression based parser which reads COBOL source program and generates HLASM compatible mainframe assembler source program in one pass. Each recognized COBOL verb starts a new assembler macro call statement with all the parameters up to the next verb, period, or paragraph label passed as positional parameters. Periods generate a separate macro call to PERIOD to generate end to all the structures in the previous sentence. Paragraph and section labels generate call to LABEL with the name and type of label to generate. All hyphens in names are translated to underscores for HLASM compatibility.

COBOL Language Verb Macros

All the macros for the COBOL language verbs and section headings are stored in the macro library z390\zcobol. These macros parse the parameters, validate them for any syntax errors, and issue calls to generation macros in separate directory as described below. For example, the zcobol\IF.MAC macro generates multiple calls to the generation macros GEN_COMP, GEN_BC GEN_B, and GEN_LABEL. There are no language specific code generation macros in the zCOBOL directory so it is shared across multiple target language environments. All the macros are written in structured form using the z390_ZSTRMAC SPE structured programming extensions such as AIF, AELSEIF, AELSE, AEND, AWHILE, etc. As a result there are no explicit AGO or AIF labels in these macros.

COMPUTE Statement Example

The COBOL compute statement now supported in v1.5.00d is a good example to study to understand how the zCOBOL compiler works. The steps followed to compile the following MOVE and COMPUTE statements are as follows:

```
77 FLT-SRT USAGE FLOAT-SHORT OCCURS 2. ...... MOVE 1.1 TO FLT-SRT(2)COMPUTE FLT-SRT(2) = FLT-SRT(2)+2.2
```

- zc390 translator generates the following 2 zCOBOL verb macro call statements MOVE 1.1, 'TO', FLT_SRT, "(',2,')'COMPUTE FLT_SRT,'(',2,')',=,FLT_SRT,'(",2,')',+,2.2
- The MOVE macro uses shared copybook routine GET_FIELD_PARM to parse the two fields for MOVE and store resulting field name and symbol table index. For the literal 1.1 the index is 0, for the subscripted field, the name is set to explicit register reference including length Offset(length,register) and the code is generated to set the register to address of the subscripted field.
- 3 The MOVE macro next issues call to GEN_MOVE with the source and target field names and system table indexes.
- 4 The GEN_MOVE macro checks the type of each field and generates appropriate code to move value from source to target field. In this case it uses LARL to set register to address of DFP short value of 1.1 in literal table and then generates MVC to move the literal to the target subscripted field.
- The COMPUTE uses GET_FIELD_PARM to obtain name and index of target field and then extracts parms in expression following the = and then calls ZC_CALC macro to generate code for expression and store result in specified target field. This macro can be used by IF and other verb macros to calculate expression for loop etc.

Copyright 2011 Automated Software Tools Corporation. This is part of z390 distributed under open source GPL License.

The ZC_CALC macro parsers the expression parameters into Backus Normal Form using two stacks. One stack has the operators in expression and the other has the field parm index pointers. Following the rules of precedence, the operators and associated parameter pointers are removed from the stacks and stored sequentially in an operation table containing the operators, 2 operands, and the target field for each operation. Temporary storage fields are represented using negative indexes instead of position and a table of temporary fields created along with their type is maintained. A queue of free temporary fields is maintained and once a temporary field has been used in an operation, that temporary field is on the free queue for reuse rather than allocating a new temporary storage field. Once the expression has been parsed and all the operation table entries have been generated, the last target field is replaced with the result field passed to ZC_CALC and then the operation table is scanned and the generation macros for each operation are called to generate code to perform the operation. Just prior to generating code for an operation, the two input parameter types are used to determine the required type of result to minimize any loss of precision during the calculations. A call to GEN_MOVE is made to move the first operand field to the target field prior to performing add, subtract, etc. on the target field for operation. If the first operand is the same as the target field, the move can be omitted but that is not always possible to determine in the case of subscripting and indexing where different variables may just happen to have the same value. The called generation macros GEN_ADD, GEN_SUB, GEN_MPY, and GEN_DIV check the field types and perform the necessary conversion when types do not match.

See demo added in zcobol\demo\callcomp directory which contains CALLCALC.MLC main assembler program which calls subroutine COMPSUM.CBL which uses COMPUTE statement to calculate sum of 15 different numeric data field types and returns sum as packed decimal for editing and display by calling program. There is a paper about this demo here:

http://www.z390.org/zcobol\demo\callcomp\zcobol_COMPUTE.pdf

•

zCOBOL Target Source Language Generation Macros

z390\zcobol\z390	Generate HLASM compatible mainframe assembler source program				
z390\zcobol\java	Generate J2SE java compatible source program				
z390\zcobol\vce	Generate MS Visual Express C compatible source program				
z390\zcobol\i586	Generate HLA/MASM Intel assembler compatible source program				
Command	Ganarated Source Code Target Ganarated Evenutable Code				

All the target source language generation macros called by the COBOL verb macros in z390\zcobol are stored in the following directories by target language:

Current only the z390 HLASM compatible source generation macros are being fully developed along with the required runtime support functions stored in the zcobol\z390\ZC390LIB.390 dynamically

z390\zcobol\z390	Generate HLASM compatible mainframe assembler source program					
z390\zcobol\java	Gene	Generate J2SE java compatible source program				
z390\zcobol\vce	Gene	Generate MS Visual Express C compatible source program				
z390\zcobol\i586	Gene	Generate HLA/MASM Intel assembler compatible source program				
Command	Generated Source Code Target Generated Executable Code					
ZC390CLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.MLC/BAL	zcobol\demo\HELLO.390 requires			
zcobol\demo\HELLO	z390 and J2SE on Windows/Linux					
ZCJAVCLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.java	zcobol\demo\HELLO.class requires			
zcobol\demo\HELLO			J2SE on Windows/Linux			
ZCVCECLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.ccp zcobol\demo\HELLO.exe requ				
zcohol\demo\HELLO	hol\demo\HELLO MS VCE runtime on Windows					

loaded runtime module. However the zCOBOL demos include a hello world COBOL program which can be compiled and executed in each of the target environments form the same zcobol\demo\HELLO.CBL source program. The following commands generate the corresponding source language equivalent and executable:

If you are interested in joining in the open source zCOBOL development effort in any of the 4 target language environments or want to add another target language environment, join the <u>zcobol</u> <u>development email discussion group</u> and make your interests known. Melvyn Maltz is currently developing additional EXEC CICS support for zCOBOL programs.

ZC390LIB Runtime Library

The z390\zcobol\z390 code generation macro directory also contains all the source code and the ZC390CVT.CPY copybook required to build the z390\linklib\ZC390LIB.390 runtime load module which is dynamically loaded by all generated z390 zCOBOL programs. This module contains the following components: The ZC390CVT.CPY copybook is used in every zCOBOL generated program to define the DSECT addressed by register 9. The same copybook is also used in ZC390LIB.MLC to generate the CVT at the beginning of the ZC390LIB.390 runtime load module with addresses of all the entries followed by work areas used by the code generation macros.

z390\zcobol\z390	Gene	erate HLASM compatible mainf	rame assembler source program		
z390\zcobol\java	Gene	Generate J2SE java compatible source program			
z390\zcobol\vce	Gene	Generate MS Visual Express C compatible source program			
z390\zcobol\i586	Gene	Generate HLA/MASM Intel assembler compatible source program			
Command		Generated Source Code Target	Generated Executable Code		
ZC390CLG zcobol\demo\HELLO		zcobol\demo\HELLO.MLC/BAL	zcobol\demo\HELLO.390 requires z390 and J2SE on Windows/Linux		
ZCJAVCLG zcobol\demo\HELLO		zcobol\demo\HELLO.java	zcobol\demo\HELLO.class requires J2SE on Windows/Linux		
ZCVCECLG zcobol\demo\HELLO		zcobol\demo\HELLO.ccp	zcobol\demo\HELLO.exe requires MS VCE runtime on Windows		
7C586CLG		Zcobol\demo\HFI I O HI A/A SM	zcohol/demo/HFI I O eve requires		

Base Free Code Generation

The zCOBOL code generation macros in zcobol\z390 generate base free code for the procedure division using relative instructions for both branch addressing and for literal addressing as required. The only address constants generated in zCOBOL programs are for statically linked CALL's to other zCOBOL or assembler programs. The only limit on the combined size of working storage and the procedure division is 16 MB. In order to use relative addressing for literals, all odd length literals are padded to even lengths. The LARL instruction is used to set address of data field or literal field as required for use in following RX type instructions. To address working storage and linkage section data fields, conventional base registers are dynamically allocated as required for use in RX type instructions. Since R13 always points to the beginning of working-storage, no dynamic base registers are required for access to data items in the first 4k of working storage.

zCOBOL EXEC CICS Support

When the option CICS is specified on the command line for ZC390C, ZC390CL, or ZC390CLG, then the zcobol\ZCOBOL. MAC global option &ZC_CICS is set on and the following changes in code generation are made:

1 The CICS option will generate call to DFHEIENT to initialize CICS prior to executing user code starting at the first program CSECT. 2 A DFHEISTG DSECT is generated at the beginning of working-storage instead of WSLOC

LOCTR and warnings are generated for any data VALUE clauses defined in working-storage section.

zCOBOL Data Types

z390\zcobol\z390	Gene	Generate HLASM compatible mainframe assembler source program					
z390\zcobol\java	Gene	Generate J2SE java compatible source program					
z390\zcobol\vce	Gene	Generate MS Visual Express C compatible source program					
z390\zcobol\i586	Gene	Generate HLA/MASM Intel assembler compatible source program					
Command		Generated Source Code Target Generated Executable Code					
ZC390CLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.MLC/BAL	zcobol\demo\HELLO.390 requires				
zcobol\demo\HELLO			z390 and J2SE on Windows/Linux				
ZCJAVCLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.java zcobol\demo\HELLO.class requires					
zcobol\demo\HELLO		J2SE on Windows/Linux					
ZCVCECLG	zcobol\demo\HELLO.ccp zcobol\demo\HELLO.exe requires						
zcobol\demo\HELLO		MS VCE runtime on Windows					
ZC586CLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.HLA/ASM zcobol\demo\HELLO.exe requires					
zcobol\demo\HELLO			HLA, MASM, and MS VCE runtime				
	ı		on Windows				
ZC390LIB.MLC	Contair	Contains ZC390LIB CSECT and COPY ZC390CVT to include all object					
	module	modules following the CVT at the beginning					
ZC390NUC.MLC	Included module with system function routines such as CALL,						
	GOBACK, STOPRUN, PERFORM, and PMCHECK to check for end of						
	current performed paragraph or section						
ABORT.MLC	Contains module called to abort execution with reason code						
ACCEPT.MLC	Contains support for ACCEPT date. time. day of week						

z390\zcobol\z390	Generate HLASM compatible mainframe assembler source program					
z390\zcobol\java	Gene	Generate J2SE java compatible source program				
z390\zcobol\vce	Gene	Generate MS Visual Express C compatible source program				
z390\zcobol\i586	Gene	Generate HLA/MASM Intel assembler compatible source program				
Command		Generated Source Code Target	Generated Executable Code			
ZC390CLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.MLC/BAL	zcobol\demo\HELLO.390 requires			

- 1 The zCOBOL option FLOAT(HEX/BINARY/DECIMAL) can be used to change the default from DECIMAL to HEX or BINARY for the generic types FLOAT-SHORT, FLOAT-LONG, and FLOAT-EXTENDED.
- 2 COMP-3 packed and also zoned decimal are limited to 18 digits per COBOL standard unless option EXTEND is set allowing up to 31 digits for both packed decimal and zoned decimal fields.z390 and zCOBOL options include the following:

Command Line options for zCOBOL Compiler

To turn off an option that is on, prefix the option name with NO on command line or in OPT options file.

z390\zcobol\z390	Gene	rate HLASM co	ompatible ma	infr	rame assembler source program	
z390\zcobol\java		rate J2SE java			1 5	
z390\zcobol\vce	Generate MS Visual Express C compatible source program					
z390\zcobol\i586	Generate HLA/MASM Intel assembler compatible source program					
Command				Generated Executable Code		
ZC390CLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.MLC/BAL		L	zcobol\demo\HELLO.390 requires	
zcobol\demo\HELLO					z390 and J2SE on Windows/Linux	
ZCJAVCLG		zcobol\demo\HE	LLO.java		zcobol\demo\HELLO.class requires	
zcobol\demo\HELLO					J2SE on Windows/Linux	
ZCVCECLG		zcobol\demo\HE	LLO.ccp		zcobol\demo\HELLO.exe requires	
zcobol\demo\HELLO		1 1/1 / 777	TI O III A /A G		MS VCE runtime on Windows	
ZC586CLG zcobol\demo\HELLO		zcobol\demo\HELLO.HLA/ASM		M	zcobol\demo\HELLO.exe requires HLA, MASM, and MS VCE runtime on Windows	
ZC390LIB.MLC	Contain	s ZC390LIB C	SECT and CO	OPY	ZC390CVT to include all object	
	modules	s following the	CVT at the b	egir	nning	
ZC390NUC.MLC				_	outines such as CALL,	
					d PMCHECK to check for end of	
		current performed paragraph or section				
ABORT.MLC	Contains module called to abort execution with reason code				on with reason code	
ACCEPT.MLC	Contains support for ACCEPT date, time, day of week					
DISPLAY.MLC	display any type field or literal					
INSPECT.MLC	Inspect field tallying, replacing, or transforming.					
USAGE	PICTURE Z390 Description					
			Assembler		r	
			Type			
COMP	S9(4)		Н		bit binary	
COMP	S9(9)		F		bit binary	
COMP	S9(1		G	_	bit binary	
COMP	S9(39		Q	_	8 bit binary	
FLOAT-HEX-7	COM		EH		FP short 7 digits	
FLOAT-HEX-15	COM	IP-2	DH	_	FP long - 15 digits	
FLOAT-HEX-30				FP extended - 30 digits		
FLOAT-BINARY-7			EB	BF	BFP short 7 digits	
FLOAT-BINARY-16			DB	BI	FP long - 16 digits	
FLOAT-BINARY-34	LB BFP extended - 34 digits			FP extended - 34 digits		
FLOAT-DECIMAL-7	FLOAT-SHORT EB DFP short 7 digits			FP short 7 digits		
FLOAT-DECIMAL-16		FLOAT-LONG DB DFP long - 16 digits			FP long - 16 digits	
FLOAT-DECIMAL-34	FLO. D	AT-EXTENDE	LB	DI	FP extended - 34 digits	

• Options are passed to the zCOBOL macro stage via CBL macro call with the options defined as positional parameters

zCOBOL File Types

z390\zcobol\z390	Generate HLASM compatible mainframe assembler source program					
z390\zcobol\java	Generate J2SE java compatible source program					
z390\zcobol\vce	Generate MS Visual Express C compatible source program					
z390\zcobol\i586	Gene	Generate HLA/MASM Intel assembler compatible source program				
Command		Generated Source	e Code Target	C	Generated Executable Code	
ZC390CLG		zcobol\demo\HELLO.MLC/BAL			cobol\demo\HELLO.390 requires	
zcobol\demo\HELLO		·			390 and J2SE on Windows/Linux	
ZCJAVCLG		zcobol\demo\HE	LLO.java		cobol\demo\HELLO.class requires	
zcobol\demo\HELLO					2SE on Windows/Linux	
ZCVCECLG		zcobol\demo\HE	LLO.ccp		cobol\demo\HELLO.exe requires	
zcobol\demo\HELLO		1 1/1 / TTE	TIOIT A/AC		AS VCE runtime on Windows	
ZC586CLG zcobol\demo\HELLO		zcobol\demo\HE	LLO.HLA/AS		cobol\demo\HELLO.exe requires ILA, MASM, and MS VCE runtime	
					n Windows	
ZC390LIB.MLC	Contain	ns ZC390LIB C	SECT and CO	OPY Z	ZC390CVT to include all object	
	module	s following the	CVT at the be	eginn	ing	
ZC390NUC.MLC	Include	d module with s	system function	on rou	itines such as CALL,	
	GOBA	CK, STOPRUN	, PERFORM	, and l	PMCHECK to check for end of	
	current	performed para	graph or secti	ion		
ABORT.MLC	Contair	ns module called	l to abort exe	cution	with reason code	
ACCEPT.MLC	Contair	ns support for A	CCEPT date.	time.	day of week	
DISPLAY.MLC		any type field o				
INSPECT.MLC		field tallying, re		ransfo	orming	
USAGE		TURE	Z390		cription	
			Assembler			
			Type			
COMP	S9(4		Н	16 bi	it binary	
COMP	S9(9		F		it binary	
COMP	S9(1		G		it binary	
COMP	S9(3		Q		bit binary	
FLOAT-HEX-7		MP-1	EH		short 7 digits	
FLOAT-HEX-15	CON	MP-2	DH		long - 15 digits	
FLOAT-HEX-30			LH		extended - 30 digits	
FLOAT-BINARY-7			EB	BFP short 7 digits		
FLOAT-BINARY-16			DB	BFP	BFP long - 16 digits	
FLOAT-BINARY-34			LB		extended - 34 digits	,
FLOAT-DECIMAL-7	FLC	AT-SHORT	EB	DFP short 7 digits		
FLOAT-DECIMAL-16	FLC	AT-LONG	DB	DFP	long - 16 digits	
FLOAT-DECIMAL-34	FLOAT-EXTENDE			extended - 34 digits		
COMP-3	S9(3	31)	P (3)	Pack	ed decimal up to 31 digits with option EX	XTEND
-	S9(3		Z (3)		ed Decimal up to 31 digits with option EX	
		· 			s PD support)	
	X		X		racters	
FLOAT-SHORT			EH,EB,ED	Use	option FLOAT(HFP/BFP/DFP)	
FLOAT-LOG	DH,DB,DD Use option FLOAT(HFP/BFP/DFP)					
FLOAT-EXTENDED			LH,LB,LD		option FLOAT(HFP/BFP/DFP)	

Trademarks

IBM, CICS, HLASM, MVS, OS/390, VSAM, z9, z10, and z/OS are registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation $\,$

Credits

Author : Don Higgins Formatting : Walter Petras

Z390 version: